VISITOR INFORMATION

HOURS	04/01 - 10/31	11/01 - 03/31
MONASTERY MUSEUM	Tue – Sun and holidays 12:00 PM – 5:00 PM Tours by arrangement, during regular hours	closed
MONASTERY BUILDINGS	Viewing only possible on a tour	closed
BASILICA	Mon – Sat 9:00 AM – 5:00 PM; Sun and holidays 12:00 PM – 5:00 PM	closed

TOURS	04/01 - 10/31	11/01 – 03/31
MONASTERY BUILDINGS (incl. observatory by request)	Tue – Sat 2:00 PM Tour in German; Also poss for groups of 5 or more with	
BASILICA	Tour in German; groups by arrangement	Tour in German; groups by arrangement

ADMISSION 04/01 – 10/31 11/01 – 03/31

MONASTERY MUSEUM

Adults € 3.00 Discounted € 1.50 € 7.50 Families

Groups of 20 or more € 2.70 (per person)

Tour € 2.00 (surcharge, per person)

MONASTERY BUILDINGS

Adults € 5.00 € 2.50 Discounted Families € 12.50 Groups of up to 20 € 90.00 (flat fee)

Each additional person € 4.50

Observatory € 2.00 (surcharge, per person)

BASILICA (incl. tour)

Groups of up to 20 € 60.00 (flat fee) € 60.00 (flat fee) Each additional person € 3.00 € 3.00

Visit our website for more information on disability access, discounts, special tours and other important details regarding your visit.

CONTACT

OCHSENHAUSEN MONASTERY

Schlossbezirk 4/1 88416 Ochsenhausen www.kloster-ochsenhausen.de/en

GENERAL INFORMATION AND TOUR REGISTRATION FOR THE MONASTERY MUSEUM AND CONVENT BUILDING

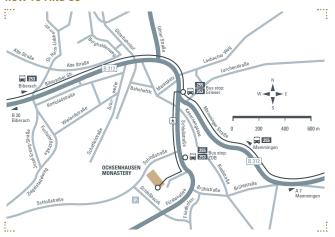
Phone +49(0)73 52.94 14 60

TOUR REGISTRATION FOR THE BASILICA

Catholic Basilica Parish Office Phone +49(0)73 52.82 59 Fax +49(0)73 52.46 19 stgeorg.ochsenhausen@drs.de



HOW TO FIND US



Ochsenhausen Monastery is a few minutes' walk from the bus stops Grieser bus stop or ZOB (central bus station).

INFORMATION ABOUT ALL OUR MONUMENTS

Staatliche Schlösser und Gärten Baden-Württemberg Schlossraum 22a · 76646 Bruchsal · Germany

Phone +49(0)72 51.74 - 27 70 Daily 8:00 AM - 8:00 PM

(information only, no reservations/ticket sales)

info@ssg.bwl.de







A SPLENDIDLY PRESERVED **MONASTERY COMPLEX**



OCHSENHAUSEN MONASTERY







Ochsenhausen Monastery
(Kloster Ochsenhausen) is one of the highlights of the Upper Swabian
Baroque Route. The well-preserved monastery complex displays
Baroque style in all its glory.

A Benedictine abbey, the predecessor to the present-day Ochsenhausen Monastery, was established in the late 11th century. As a Reichsabtei, or imperial abbey, it enjoyed special privileges. The majestic Baroque façade of today's monastery building is a testament to the former imperial abbey's claims to spiritual and worldly power.

MUSIC IN ARCHITECTURAL FORM

While the Baroque monastery church incorporates its late Gothic predecessor, the 18th century redesign has lent it a light, uplifting air. It owes much to the contributions of an extraordinary number of luminaries of Baroque art and architecture, including Dominikus

n the roof of the church, a statue of Christ the Redeemer blesses the surrounding landscape





A memorable feature of the monastery church: the pulpit with its host of ascending angels

Zimmermann, Johann Georg Bergmüller, Franz Joseph Spiegler and Ägid Verhelst. It has been said that Baroque is music in architectural form: a description particularly apt for Ochsenhausen. Moreover, the church features an organ made by the famous Joseph Gabler. The bistoric 18th-century observatory is another highlight, with a unique





azimuthal quadrant, an astronomical instrument used to calculate the positions of heavenly bodies. Still in its original condition, the observatory underscores Ochsenhausen's significance as a center of science and the arts in the Baroque era.

In the early 19th century, when much church property was officially annexed by German states, the monastery passed into the possession of Prince Metternich and was renamed Winneburg Palace. The government of Baden-Württemberg financed the restoration of the monastery complex between 1964 and 1992. A museum in the south wing of the Fürstenbau (princely palace) chronicles the monastery's impressive 700-year history.

⚠ Two Baroque treasures: the Gabler organ and the azimuthal quadrant from the 18th century observatory